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## Adding flexibility to Phoenix storage.

- Migrating to Phoenix, with **only SQL** interface, we lose the flexibility present in the current  $\succ$ system
  - This makes implementation rigid & fragile wrt new or changed requirements Ο
  - Yes, you can always create new SQL table with foreign keys, etc. Ο
  - But designing complex SQL tablespace is tricky and easily goes haywired Ο
  - Event more dangerous is adding new SQL features as needs come Ο
  - Complex SQL queries are very difficult to optimise (remember TagDB) Ο
    - Formulating a new SQL query is always risky
  - Open-Close Architecture NoSQL storage, however, is made exactly for the iterative, unprevisible evolution Ο
- Existing data-centric Web Service  $\succ$ 
  - Which has guite awkward connection with current EI Core Ο
  - But UI WS part can be easily re-engineered for different backend Ο
- Proposed solution:  $\succ$ 
  - Extend Phoenix storage with pure HBase storage Ο
    - Sharing the same keys
  - So keeping Phoenix advantages (speed, SQL interface) for RO data Ο
  - While opening for new possibilities, adaptability to changing environment Ο
  - Phoenix for static data, HBase for dynamic data Ο



E.g. overlaps between datasets

Ad-hoc virtual collections can be build also using Tags



http://localhost:8888/EventIndex/REST.jsp?element=Event&search=eventnumber:57555&tag=golden:mychoice







- 1. Create a prototype of the Element you want to search
- 2. Fill in known values
  - a. You can use SQL for Phoenix part —
  - b. You may choose which backend (Phoenix, HBase or both) is used for searching and data filling
- 3. Send it to the ElementFactory
- 4. Get a set of satisfying Elements, with all values filled (from both Phoenix and HBase)
- 5. Add Tags, Relations of Extensions to Elements
  - a. DOverlap is\_a Relation
  - b. TStat is\_a Extention
- 6. Update via ElementFactory
  - a. HBase will be updated

```
ElementFactory ef = ...;
Dataset dprototype1 = new Dataset();
dprototype1.set("runnumber", 140571).
                .set("project", "data09_900GeV").
                      ...;
Dataset dataset1 = (Dataset)ef.search(dprototype1).get(0);
...
Dataset dataset2 = (Dataset)ef.search(dprototype2).get(0);
dataset2.add(new D0verlap(10, 30, 50, 40, dataset1));
dataset2.add(new Tag("mytag", "myvalue"));
dataset2.add(new TStat(....));
ef.update(dataset2);
```

- REST and GUI WS are build on top of this API
  - Not all functionality is (yet) interfaced
- Similar design to the current Core system







- Prototype running on the LAL (partial) replica of the CERN Phoenix storage
  - The same schema
  - Subset of data
  - No authentication, simple configuration
- Can easily use any other Phoenix schema
- Can be moved to CERN
  - Authentication, configuration ?...
- Included in the Core EI GIT repository



- 1. Select period, run, ami tag, stream, dataset or event
  - a. Or any other Hub (virtual collection)
- 2. Get it, together with all related entities and information stored in El
- 3. Each entity has a set of possible actions to perform (El or external)
- 4. Each entity can be annotated
- 5. Detailed search is possible too -

a. Could expose also SQL part













- Similar as existing "data-centric browser"
- Much simpler implementation
- Very generic, mostly just reflects structure of data
  - Presentation using stylesheets
- Easily extensible with plugins or external apps
- Can work with any Phoenix schema
  - Or even completely without Phoenix, with all data in pure HBase
- All functionality available also via API and REST
- Interactive modifications (annotations) not yet available









- Semantics of SQL + NoSQL is not trivial
  - Search/Filter/Fill, search sequence, Scan/Get,...
- > It would be more straightforward with just HBase backend
- On the other hand, the system works even without HBase part, with just Phoenix (but of course with less functionality)
  - Or just with any SQL database